

EXAMPLE

dissolved in MeOH (300 ml) and a soln, of sodium borohydride (6.02 g) in H₂O (40 ml) was added dropwise at 0°C over 30 mins., then stirred for 15 mins. Conc. HCl (14.3 ml), satd. NaCl soin. (250 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (300 ml) were added to the reaction mixt. The organic layer was fractionated, washed with satd. aq. NaCl soln. (100 ml), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced press. to give 1-ethoxycarbonyl-3-hydroxypyrrolidine (100 g, 98.7% yield) as an oil.

Followed by prepn. of:
1-ethoxycarbonyl-3-mesyloxypyrrolidine;
1-ethoxycarbonyl-3-phthalimidopyrrolidine;
3-aminopyrrolidine.dihydrochloride; and finally
3-aminopyrrolidine (III).
(4ppW69WSDwgNo0/0).

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New 2-azetidinane derivs. - with carcinostatic and antibacterial activity

C86-049841

2-Azetidinone derivs. of formula (1) are new:

R_j = furyl or methoxyphenyl;

R₂ = benzimidazolyl, <u>phenyl</u>, methoxyphenyl, methoxycarbonylphenyl or ethoxycarbonylphenyl; and R₃ = H, phenyl or chloro.

USE

(1) have excellent physiological activity as carcinostatic, immuno-controlling and antibacterial agents and are useful as pharmaceuticals.

B(6-D5, 7-D1, 12-A1, 12-D2, 12-G7)

PREPARATION

$$R_1 - CH = N - R_2 \quad (11) \quad C = C = 0 \quad (11)$$

STARTING MATERIALS

(III) is a reactive and unstable cpd. it is pref. prepd. in situ by treating an acetyl chloride deriv. of formula (V) with an organic amine (IV) (pref. 1-3C alkylamine).

$$R, - \begin{matrix} H \\ C \\ C \\ C \end{matrix} \qquad \begin{matrix} C \\ C \\ C \end{matrix} \qquad \begin{matrix} (IV) \\ \hline (II) \\ C \end{matrix} \qquad \begin{matrix} (IV) \\ \hline (IV) \\$$

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EXAMPLE

A soln, contg. chloroacetylchloride in anhydrous benzene (10 ml) was added dropwise to a soln, contg. (II: R_1 = furyl, R_2 = phenyl) (0.01 mol.) and Et_3N (1.52 g, 0.015 mol.) in anhydrous benzene (50 ml) at 5-10 °C with stirring. The reaction mixt, was allowed to rise to room temp, and stirred for 2 hrs. The Et_3N . HCl was removed and the solvent distilled off under reduced press. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel: eluent, hexane-EtOAc) (5: 1 - 50: 1)) to give (I: R_1 = 2-furyl, R_2 = phenyl, R_3 = II). (8ppW69WSDwgNoO/0)

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